OPTIK · MESS- UND PRÜFTECHNIK VERTRIEB · BERATUNG · TRAINING



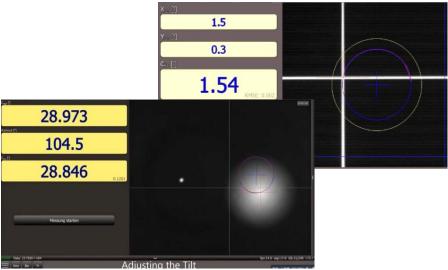
# The new Standard in Asphere and Blocking Technology Centration Measurement Devices SCM and ACM

For quality assurance in production metrology optics

Preliminary Data Sheet

### **Benefits and advantages**

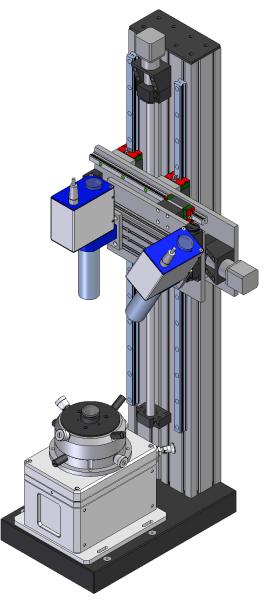
- Safety in measurement technology
- Manageable tolerances
- Shorter measuring/ testing and throughput times
- Intuitive Touch-Software ELWISOFT
- Subpixel evaluation with ELWISOFT-Base
- High pecision and linearity with mapping
- Scalable system with additional accessoires



Centering software with AKF crosshair and/ or V-SPOT

## **Areas of Application**

- Blocking of semi-finished products on mandrel
- Centering of opto-mechanical devices
- Cementing processes and lens assembly
- Adjustment of opto-mechanical components
- Radius measurement on small radii < 1000 mm
- Radius measurement on huge radii > 1 m
- Radii and wedge angle on cylindrical lenses
- Monitoring and documentation



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#### One measuring concept – two measuring devices – four measuring processes

The concept of the measuring device allows a simple configuration for spherical test pieces and a more complex one for aspherical test pieces.

The spherical centering measuring device SCM is designed primarily for spherical lens surfaces and consists of a motorized Z-axis with an ELWIMAT-AKF for automatic scanning and focusing of real and virtual confocal positions of different surfaces of a lens or a lens system. The ACM aspherical centering device has additional linear axis and additional rotary A-axis. It also carries an ELWIMAT-VFS, with which the aspherical parts of lenses are measured and evaluated.

SCM and ACM Prozesses			
MS Multi Surface	<b>2SS</b> Two Step - Single	<b>2SD</b> Two Step - Double	HRSS High Resolution Surface Scan
<ul> <li>For spherical Lenses</li> <li>n Surfaces / Lenses</li> <li>Measuring optical Axis</li> <li>Measuring mechan. Axis</li> <li>Geometric Model for selecting a Reference</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>One sides Asphere</li> <li>Measuring optical Axis</li> <li>Measuring mechan. Axis</li> <li>Measuring Aspherical Axis</li> <li>Geometric Model for selecting a Reference</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Double sides Asphere</li> <li>Measuring both Sides without flipping</li> <li>Measuring optical Axis</li> <li>Measuring mechan. Axis</li> <li>Geometric Model for selecting a Reference</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Detailed surface scan</li> <li>Measuring Midspatial Frequency Errors MSFE</li> <li>Spektral Analysis of MSFE</li> <li>Determing of aspherical Axis</li> </ul>

The slope error in the range of a few arcseconds can be measured directly with high resolution, as can the local and

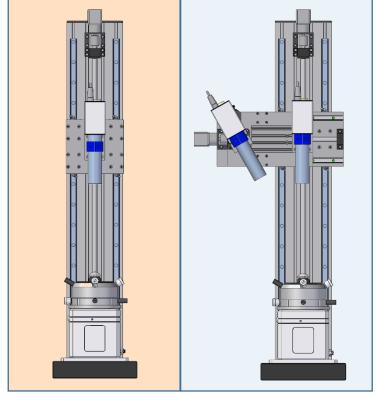
global centering error. The redundancy of meridional and sagittal measured values leads to a very high level of plausibility and measurement accuracy.

#### Software and measurement processes

The software currently contains up to 4 applications that can be configured at any time depending on the hardware.

The 'Multi Surface Module' MS is the basic module for spherical lenses. It can be used for single lenses as well as for optical systems with up to 20 lenses and more. 'Two Step Single' 2SS is used for one-sided aspheres, i.e. plan-asphere and sphere-asphere. With the 'Two Step Double' 2SD, double-sided aspheres can be measured through one side to the back and evaluated for centering errors.

With the **High Resolution Surface Scan HRSS**, an aspherical surface can be scanned in high resolution and the surface can be reconstructed. Above all, the **MSFE error analysis** using Fourier components allows errors in the grinding process to be identified in a timely manner. It also reveals secondary defects in the asphere such as the "kink in the optics".



Left: SCM for spherical systems Right: ACM for Aspheres